The Caledonian Mercury. No. 10,127.

Price 3 d.] EDINBURGH, MONDAY, AUGUST 7. 1786.

THEATRE-ROYAL.

The Laſt Night but One of the Company's performing this Seaſon.

To-morrow, TUESDAY Auguſt 8. will be preſented,
A Comedy, called,

THE COUNTRY GIRL,

As it has been performed at the Theatre Royal, Drury-Lane, for a great number of Nights, with uncommon ſucceſs and approbation,

Moody, Mr WOODS;
Harcourt. Mr BELL;
Belville, Mr BLAND, Jun.
Country Boy, Mr YATES;
Servant, Mr J. BLAND;
And Sparkiſh, (with a Song), Mr LA-MASH.
Alithea, Mrs O'REILLY;
Lucy, Mrs J BLAND;
And the Part of Peggy, (the Country Girl),
By Mrs JORDAN,
(*The Laſt Time of performing it this ſeaſon.*)
End of Act III. "Auld Robin Gray," (by deſire).
End of ACT IV. "Diana's Chace," a Cantata, compoſed by Dr Arne;
To be ſung by Mrs KENNEDY,
(*The Laſt Night of her performance here this ſeaſon.*)
To which will be added, the Farce of

THREE WEEKS AFTER MARRIAGE.

Sir Charles Racket, Mr WOODS;
Loveleſs, Mr BELL;
Woodley, Mr J. BLAND;
And Drugget, Mr O'REILLY.
Demitty, Mrs O'REILLY;
Nancy, Mrs J. BLAND;
Mrs Drugget, Mrs CHARTERIS;
And Lady Racket, for that Night only,
By Mrs JORDAN.

On FRIDAY, at the THEATRE in GLASGOW,
Will be preſented, the Comedy of

THE COUNTRY GIRL,

With the Farce of the

IRISH WIDOW.

The Parts of the Country Girl, and the Iriſh Widow,
By Mrs JORDAN.

Mrs JORDAN's Engagement at Glaſgow, is for a few nights only.

HORSEMANSHIP,

On ONE, TWO, and THREE HORSES.

ON TUESDAY the 8th of Auguſt, and to be continued every day (weather permitting), during their ſhort ſtay in this city, at the CIRCULAR RIDING SCHOOL in Dr Hope's Park, adjoining the Phyſical Gardens, Leith Walk, by Nine capital performers, not to be equalled in Europe, from Mr Jones's Equeſtrian Amphitheatre, London, under the direction of

Mr PARKER,

Who moſt reſpectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen, and the Public in general, that no pains has been ſpared to render the temporary Riding School as commodious as poſſible. Proper ſeats covered over are provided,

Horſemanſhip burleſqued,
By Mr MILLER, *the* Clown;
To which will be introduced,
The French Poſt Boy's Journey from Paris to London,
By the Celebrated Monſieur DUBOIS;
Who will in the courſe of next week, open his Little Theatre, *Les Varieties Amuſante*, back of the Black Bull Inn, Pleaſance.

To conclude with

The Tailor's Journey to Brentford, on the Hunter, Managed, and Road Horſe,
By Mr HUMPHREYS.

Doors will be opened Half paſt Eleven, and the exhibition Half paſt Twelve.

Firſt Seats, 2 s.—Second ditto, 1 s.

Places may be taken, by ſending a ſervant, from Half paſt Ten to Eleven.

Tickets may be had at the Exchange and Royal Exchange Coffeehouſes; Mr Cameron's, Graſsmarket; Prince's Street Coffeehouſe; Gibb's Coffeehouſe, Leith; and at Mr Robertſon's, Black Bull, Pleaſance.

N. B. Mr Parker will attend the School every day, Sundays excepted, for the inſtruction of Ladies and Gentlemen, in the polite art of Riding and managing the Horſe. Likewiſe Horſes broke for the Road, Field, or Army, particularly for Ladies riding, in a few days.

GREENLAW,

Head Burgh of the County of Berwick,
Auguſt 1. 1786.

NOTICE is hereby given, That application is intended to be made in the next Seſſions of Parliament, for a bill in order to be paſt into a law, to make, amend, and repair the poſt road between London and Edinburgh, leading from the extremity of the liberties of the borough of Berwick-upon-Tweed by Aytoun-bridge, and the new bridge over the Peaſe, or Paſs of Cockburnſpath, to Dunglaſs-bridge on the confines of the county of Eaſt-Lothian; and which road paſſes through part of the united pariſhes of Mordington and Lamberton, and the pariſhes of Aytoun, Coldingham, and Cockburnſpath, all within the county of Berwick.

By order of the Juſtices of Peace and Commiſſioners of Supply of the ſaid county of Berwick, at the Quarter Seſſions aſſembled. JOHN COCKBURN Clk.

Meeting of Truſtees.

THE Truſtees for putting in execution the Turnpike Acts for the ſhire of Edinburgh, are to meet upon Friday the 11th of Auguſt inſtant at 12 o'clock mid-day, within the High Council-houſe, Edinburgh, where it is hoped the truſtees will attend.

N. B. The Commiſſioners of Supply of the ſhire of Edinburgh, and Juſtices of Peace of the ſaid ſhire, at their Quarter Seſſions, are to meet the ſame time and place.

DALKEITH DISTRICT.

NOTICE is hereby given, that there is to be a meeting of the Truſtees for the Turnpike Roads in the Diſtrict of Dalkeith, within John's Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday firſt the 9th day of Auguſt current; and as no buſineſs was done for want of a quorum at the Quarterly Meeting, which was advertiſed to take place on Saturday laſt, it is requeſted that the Truſtees will attend this Meeting.

Lands in Perthſhire to be Let.

TO be LET in Tack, in one or more Farms, and entered to at Whitſunday next,

The Lands of TULLINEEDY, conſiſting of about 239 acres, moſtly arable, lying in the pariſh of Clunie, and ſheriffdom of Perth.

For farther particulars enquire of David Kinloch, Eſq; of Gourdie, the proprietor, or James Keay, writer in Edinburgh. John Cram, foreman at Gourdie, will ſhow the grounds.

Mr Stuart's Pictures.

THE Sale of the numerous and valuable Collection of PICTURES which belonged to the late Captain Stuart of Duncarn, will cloſe on Saturday next the 12th inſtant.

The whole Paintings will remain on exhibition and for ſale, every day this week from ten to half paſt three o'clock, and from five to ſeven in the evening, *and no longer.*

The number of purchaſes, though not equal to that expreſſed in the conditions of ſale, is ſuch as has determined the proprietor to deliver thoſe which are or may be beſpoke, upon payment of the price.

Purchaſers will, therefore, pleaſe to apply for their pictures in the courſe of next week, at the large Rooms, eaſt wing, Royal Exchange, where the clerk will attend for that purpoſe, at the uſual hours.

Roup of Corns and Potatoes.

TO be Rouped and Sold at Dean, near Edinburgh, on Saturday next, the 12th day of Auguſt,

A FIELD of OATS and a FIELD of BARLEY, with about Two Acres of POTATOES all lying within theſe two parks immediately to the weſt of Mr Roſs's Tower.

The roup to begin at one o'clock.

EXCISE OFFICE EDINBURGH,
Auguſt 3. 1786.

Notice to Diſtillers and others.

ALL PERSONS chuſing to take out LICENSES for making of Spirits, in terms of the Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, will pleaſe to attend to the following particulars, which, by the ſtatute, are neceſſary to entitle them to be licenſed:

I. That the houſes or places in which the work is to be carried on be entered at the office of Exciſe, as directed by the ſeveral laws made in that behalf.

II That every ſtill to be licenſed be gauged by the ſupervisor of the diſtrict, and officer of the diviſion within which it is to be erected.

III. That a rateable proportion of the duties impoſed by the act, be paid to the caſhier of Exciſe, or collector of the bounds, for the weeks and days to run from the tenth day after the date of the licenſe, to the fifth day of September next.

IV. That every perſon propoſed to be licenſed, ſhall take and ſubſcribe an oath before one or more of the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, or the Juſtices of the Peace of the county in which ſuch perſon reſides, (which oath the Commiſſioners and Juſtices are by the act impowered to adminiſter) "That the ſtill or ſtills, and implements belonging thereto, "are the property of the ſaid perſon propoſed to be licenſed, "and that the work intended to be carried on is at his or "her riſk, and on his or her account."

V. That no waſh ſtill of leſs content than fifty gallons including the head, can be licenſed; and with every waſh ſtill there muſt be licenſed a low wine or ſpirit ſtill, of a content not leſs than one fourth part of that of ſuch waſh ſtill.

VI. That at the time of applying for the licenſe, a certificate of the entry of the houſe or place of working by the proper officer of Exciſe, a certificate of the gauge of the ſtills, by the ſupervisor and officer of the bounds, muſt be produced; and in caſe the ſame have been purchaſed or made ſince the 5th July laſt, the certificate muſt bear the progreſſive number and maker's name of ſuch ſtill or ſtills; alſo the oath by the owner to the property of the ſtills, in the terms above mentioned; and a receipt for the duty by the collector of Exciſe, muſt be delivered to the licenſing officer.

VII. That a fee of one penny is to be paid by the perſon taking out the licenſe upon the content of every ſtill of one hundred and twenty gallons, or upwards; and for every ſtill of leſſer content, a fee of five ſhillings, to be paid to the officer appointed to grant and regiſter the licenſes.

VIII. That every licenſe ſo granted muſt immediately be produced, and a copy thereof delivered to the Exciſe officer of the diviſion, who is to acknowledge ſuch production, and give a receipt for the copy upon the back of the licenſe, whereby the ſame becomes complete and available in law.

N. B. Worts, waſh, or tilts may be prepared during the time betwixt the date of the licenſe and the time thereby fixed for commencing diſtillation.

No rectifier or compounder of ſpirits, or common brewer, or victualler, can be licenſed or entitled to carry on the trade of a diſtiller: And no perſon can be allowed to carry on the trade of a rectifier with that of a common brewer or victualler, at one and the ſame time.

To CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS, PERFUMERS, and other Perſons uſing Stills.

LICENSES muſt be immediately taken out for the ſtills uſed: and before ſuch ſtills can be licenſed, they muſt be gauged by the officer of the diviſion. If the ſtills be made or purchaſed ſince the 5th July laſt, the number and maker's name muſt be ſtamped upon the ſhoulder of the ſtill, and the certificate of the officer produced at the Licenſe-office. A fee of five ſhillings is to be paid to the licenſing officer; and no ſtill can be licenſed of a larger content than fifty gallons. But if any chemical or ſecret work ſhall require ſtills of larger content they may be licenſed, upon a proper repreſentation to the Hon. Board of Exciſe.

The licenſe, when taken out, muſt be produced to the officer of Exciſe of the diviſion, and a copy delivered to him; the production and receipt of which the officer is to acknowledge by indorſement on the principal licenſe.

To COPPERSMITHS and other Makers of Stills.

EVERY perſon who makes or manufactures ſtills muſt immediately take out a licenſe, and pay a fee of five ſhillings for the ſame. Such makers muſt alſo ſtamp their name, with the progreſſive number, content, and capacity of every ſtill made after the 5th July laſt, upon the ſhoulder thereof. Alſo, within three days after finiſhing any ſtill, notice muſt be given to the officer of Exciſe of the diviſion within which ſuch ſtill is made, that the ſame is ready to be gauged and ſtamped. The officer is required by the act, within three days after ſuch notification, to gauge ſuch ſtill, and to grant a certificate ſpecifying the number, content, and maker's name of ſuch ſtill;—and if the makers fail to give ſuch notice, they are to forfeit ten ſhillings for every gallon of the content of ſuch ſtill made by them.

If any perſon imports any ſtill into Scotland from England, or foreign parts, notice of the number, ſize, and content of the ſame, and of the place where depoſited, muſt be given within three days after the arrival thereof, to the officer of the diviſion, who is, within twenty-two hours after ſuch notice, to gauge and ſtamp ſuch ſtill in the ſame manner as directed in the caſe of a ſtill made in Scotland. Any importer omitting to give ſuch notice forfeits fifty pounds for every ſtill ſo imported. And if any ſuch ſtill ſhall be erected, without being previouſly gauged and marked by the proper officer of Exciſe, it is forfeited, and the owner incurs a penalty of fifty pounds.

Attendance is given by Walter Roſs to iſſue the ſeveral licenſes directed by the act of Parliament, at the office opened for that purpoſe in *Cheſſel's Buildings, Canongate*, from eleven in the forenoon to three in the afternoon.

By order of the Commiſſioners,
JOHN THOMSON, } Joint Secre-
ADAM PEARSON, } taries.

Warranted Undrawn.

HORNSBY and CO. at their old eſtabliſhed Office, No. 26. Cornhill, will continue ſelling during the whole time of the drawing of the preſent Iriſh State Lottery, which will be full five weeks from the date hereof, their moſt valuable and beneficial Subſcriptions, at only Half-a-Guinea and Five Shillings and Sixpence, and will be warranted undrawn at the time of purchaſing, which method renders the purchaſer perfectly ſecure.

The whole of the purchaſe-money will be returned, if drawn only a ſmall prize of 10 l. and, if above a 10 l. prize, a new ſubſcription, gratis, beſide the prize it may be entitled to.

For HALF-A-GUINEA only. *To continue for the whole time of Drawing.*		FOR ONLY FIVE SHILLINGS & SIXPENCE. *To continue for the whole time of Drawing.*	
If a L.10,000 to L.800	0 0	If a L.10,000 to L.400	0 0
5000 to 400	0 0	5000 to 200	0 0
2000 to 160	0 0	2000 to 80	0 0
1000 to 80	0 0	1000 to 40	0 0
500 to 40	0 0	500 to 20	0 0
100 to 10	0 0	100 to 5	0 0
50 to 5	0 0	50 to 2	10 0
20 to 1	11 6	20 to 0	16 0
10 to ½	Guinea,	10 to 0	5 6
Being the whole of the purchaſe-money.		Being the whole of the purchaſe-money.	
Firſt and laſt drawn, 80 l. each.		Firſt and laſt drawn, 40 l. each.	

Purchaſers buying five of either Claſs, will receive five times their purchaſe-money, if all are drawn Prizes.

The peculiar advantages ariſing from HORNSBY and CO.'s well adapted Subſcriptions, are well worth the attention of every adventurer in the preſent Iriſh State Lottery.—They not only pay their prizes directly when they are drawn in Engliſh money, but, if drawn any prize whatever above a 10 l. they give another ſubſcription gratis, beſides the full money for the prize; and if any perſon buys five of either claſs, they will receive five times the value paid, ſhould they prove prizes; alſo the following capital conſideration, if the purchaſer is in poſſeſſion of a prize, he may, at his option, have a new certificate in exchange for it, and renew the ſubſcription as often as he chuſes.—And, it is a well-known fact, that, at the latter end of the drawing of the laſt Engliſh State Lottery, HORNSBY and CO. exchanged their ſubſcriptions of Half-a-Guinea, and Five Shillings and Sixpence each, when they could not be bought any where elſe for five times the original coſt.

Letters (poſt paid) duly anſwered.

Subſcribers to this Society may have the account of their numbers ſent to any part of the Town or Country, free of expence.

Schemes to be had *gratis*, at No. 26, Cornhill.

SALE OF THE

Lands and Manſion-Houſe of Coats,

In the Neighbourhood of Edinburgh,
By Adjournment.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 9th Auguſt 1786, betwixt the hours of five and ſix o'clock afternoon,

The LANDS and MANSION-HOUSE of COATS, with offices, pigeon-houſe, garden, &c, as deſcribed in former advertiſements, at the reduced upſet-price of 1800 l. Sterling.

The progreſs of writs and articles of roup, &c. may be ſeen in the hands of John Tawſe, writer in Edinburgh, to whom, or to John Hay accomptant in Edinburgh, any perſon inclining to purchaſe by private bargain may apply.

FOR GRENADA,
THE NEW BRIGANTINE
HOME,
JOHN PATTERSON Maſter,

Is now ready to receive goods at Greenock, and will be clear to ſail the 25th of Auguſt.

The Hume has moſt excellent accommodation for paſſengers, having been particularly fitted up for that purpoſe.

For freight or paſſage apply to John Campbell ſenior, at Glaſgow, or the Maſter at Greenock.

An Act for incorporating certain perſons therein named, by the name and ſtile of The Britiſh Society for extending the Fiſheries, and improving the Sea Coaſts of this Kingdom, *and to enable them, when incorporated, to ſubſcribe a joint ſtock, and therewith to purchaſe lands, and build thereon free towns, villages, and fiſhing ſtations, in the Highlands and Iſlands in that part of Great Britain called Scotland; and for other purpoſes.*

"WHEREAS the building of free towns, villages, harbours, quays, piers, and fiſhing ſtations in the Highlands and Iſlands of North Britain will greatly contribute to the improvement of fiſheries, agriculture, manufactures, and other uſeful objects of induſtry in that part of the kingdom in which the diſperſed ſituation of the inhabitants hath hitherto proved a great impediment to their active exertions; and their being collected into fiſhing towns and villages would be the means of forming a nurſery of hardy ſeamen for his Majeſty's navy, and the defence of the kingdom:

"And whereas the finding immediate employment at home for great numbers of people would be the means of putting a ſtop to the dangerous ſpirit of emigration now prevailing, and likely to prevail in a great degree to the depopulation of that part of his Majeſty's dominions, and loſs to the kingdom of many of his Majeſty's uſeful ſubjects:

"And whereas an undertaking for theſe laudable purpoſes cannot be ſo conveniently or effectually carried on unleſs a conſiderable joint ſtock be raiſed for that purpoſe:

"And whereas ſeveral perſons have already formed themſelves into a ſociety, and ſubſcribed conſiderable ſums for carrying the purpoſes above mentioned into execution, but are apprehenſive that difficulties may ariſe, as well in recovering debts which may grow due to the joint ſtock, as in defending ſuits or actions which may be commenced or brought againſt the ſubſcribers for any matter or thing relative to the joint ſociety, as, by law, all the ſeveral ſubſcribers and proprietors in joint ſociety muſt, in ſuch caſes, both ſue and be ſued, implead and be impleaded, by their ſeveral diſtinct names and deſcriptions, and to prevent the ſeveral ſubſcribers from becoming liable to the payment of any ſum or ſums beyond their reſpective ſhares in ſuch capital joint ſtock; therefore, for the more eaſily carrying into execution the ſeveral undertakings herein before mentioned, and for avoiding the difficulties aforeſaid, the ſaid ſociety are deſirous of being incorporated, and having a common ſeal and name, by which they may ſue and be ſued, implead and be impleaded:

"*May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty,*

"That it be enacted; and be it enacted, by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the advice and conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the authority of the ſame, That the Moſt Noble John Duke of Argyll, the Moſt Noble John Duke of Athol, the Right Honourable George Campbell, commonly called Marquis of Lorn, the Right Honourable James Graham, commonly called Marquis of Graham, the Right Honourable Archibald Earl of Eglinton, the Right Honourable Francis Earl of Moray, the Right Honourable James Earl of Abercorn, the Right Honourable John Earl of Breadalbane, the Right Honourable Joſeph Earl of Dunmore, the Right Honourable Anthony Earl of Kintore, the Right Honourable Adam Gordon, commonly called Lord Adam Gordon, the Right Honourable Frederick Campbell, commonly called Lord Frederick Campbell, the Right Honourable George Leveſon Gower, commonly called Earl Gower, the Right Honourable Lord Macdonald, the Right Honourable Henry Dundas, the Honourable Major-General James Murray, the Honourable Archibald Fraſer, Sir Harbord Harbord, Bart. Sir Hugh Munro, Bart Sir Adam Fergusſon, Bart. Sir James Riddell, Bart Sir Robert Herries, Knight, Sir George Young, Knight, Ilay Campbell, Eſq; Archibald Macdonald, Eſq; Captain Colin Campbell, Neil Malcolm, Francis Humberſtone Mackenzie, George Dempſter, John Hamilton Dempſter, Duncan Campbell of Lochnell, Kenneth Marchiſon, George Stuart, John Mackenzie of Biſhopſgate-ſtreet, London, Kenneth Mackenzie of Terridan, Major James Munro, Angus Macaulay, Colonel John Small, John Miller, John Call, Henry Beaufoy, John Macgillivray, John Knox, John Mackenzie of Lentron, George Cuthbert, Lewis Cuthbert, Allan Cameron, Lieutenant John Mackay, Alexander Anderſon, Iſaac Hawkins Brown, Patrick Home, Captain Donald Campbell, Thomas Hoby, James Fraſer, William Wilberforce, Duncan Campbell of Mincing Lane, London, Alexander Blair, John Campbell, David Dale, Alexander Roſs, Duncan Davidſon, David Mitchell, Captain William Fraſer, Kenneth Mackenzie of Gower-ſtreet, London, Alex. Pringle, J. S. F. Fraſer, James Webſter, David Webſter, Callender late of Bombay, David Anderſon, General Fletcher Campbell, John Ogilvie, Thomas Longlands, Lieutenant-General Henry Fletcher, Adam Drummond, Alexander Fraſer, Robert Grant, William Grant, John Paiſly, Thomas Ogilvie, William Hamilton, James Steuart, Alexander Macintoſh, Robert Fairfull, Lieutenant Roderick Mackenzie, John Grant, Thomas Miles Riddell, Lieutenant-General Richard Preſcott, Lieutenant-General Edward Maxwell, their executors, adminiſtrators, and aſſigns, and every other perſon or perſons, who ſhall hereafter, either in their own right, or as executors, adminiſtrators, ſucceſſors, or aſſigns, in right of any other perſon or perſons, become proprietors of, or intereſted in any part or ſum of the ſaid joint capital ſtock or fund herein after mentioned, ſhall be, and they are hereby made a diſtinct and ſeparate body politic and corporate, in deed and in name, by the name or ſtile of *The Britiſh Society for extending the Fiſheries, and improving the Sea Coaſts of this Kingdom;* and that by the above name they ſhall have ſucceſſion and a common ſeal, and that they and their ſucceſſors may, from time to time, break, alter, or make new, or change ſuch common ſeal as ſhall be found moſt expedient; and that the ſaid ſociety ſhall be able and capable in law, and ſhall have perfect and full power and ability in law, to have, purchaſe, receive, take, and enjoy lands, tenements, hereditaments of what kind, nature, or quality ſoever.

"And be it enacted by the authority aforeſaid, that any perſon or perſons, body politic or corporate, may give, grant, bargain, ſell, or convey to the ſaid ſociety, any lands, tenements, or hereditaments, for the uſe and benefit of the ſaid ſociety; and that the ſaid ſociety ſhall have power and ability in law to grant, ſell, demiſe, alien, or diſpoſe of ſuch lands, tenements, and hereditaments, or any part thereof, at their will and pleaſure, and in their corporate name ſhall and may be able in law to ſue and implead, be ſued and impleaded, anſwer and be anſwered, in any court of record or elſewhere, in all cauſes and actions whatſoever, for, touching, or concerning the ſaid corporation.

"And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, that it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid ſociety to raiſe a capital joint ſtock, to be applied to purchaſing or otherwiſe acquiring lands and tenements in perpetuity, and for the building of free towns and villages, harbours, quays, piers, and fiſhing ſtations on ſuch lands ſo purchaſed or acquired, and on no other lands or tenements whatſoever, not exceeding the ſum of one hundred and fifty thouſand pounds ſterling, at ſuch time and in ſuch proportions as at any general court or courts of the ſaid ſociety to be holden in purſuance of this act, ſhall be directed; and that the ſame ſhall be divided into a number of ſhares, each ſhare not exceeding the ſum of fifty pounds ſterling; and that no one perſon ſubſcribing ſhall become proprietor of more than ten ſhares, in his, her, or their names, otherwiſe than by bequeſt or operation of law; and if it ſhall ſo happen, that any number of perſons ſubſcribing are actually members of a joint partnerſhip in buſineſs, they ſhall jointly be conſidered as one name or perſon, holding a ſhare or ſhares not exceeding ten in number, for any one joint partnerſhip, or in the name of any other perſon or perſons in truſt for him, her, or them, (except the ſame ſhall come to him, her, or them, by deviſe, bequeſt, marriage, or act of law) upon pain of forfeiting to the ſaid ſociety all ſuch ſhares, exceeding ten ſhares as aforeſaid, and the money ſo to be raiſed is hereby appointed to be applied in the purchaſe of lands, as aforeſaid, and for the purpoſe of building, by public advertiſed contracts, free towns and villages, harbours, quays, piers, and fiſhing ſtations thereupon; provided always, that it ſhall in no caſe be lawful for the ſaid ſociety to borrow any ſum or ſums of money whatſoever; and they are hereby prohibited from borrowing the ſame;

"And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, that the ſaid ſum of one hundred and fifty thouſand pounds ſterling, or ſuch ſum as ſhall be raiſed by the perſons herein before named, or by ſuch perſon or perſons as may hereafter become a proprietor or proprietors of the ſaid ſociety, ſo divided into ſhares of fifty pounds Sterling each ſhare, ſhall be, and the ſame are hereby veſted in the ſeveral perſons herein before deſcribed, and their ſeveral reſpective executors, adminiſtrators, ſucceſſors, and aſſigns, for their and every of their proper uſe and benefit, proportionably to the ſum they and each of them ſhall ſeverally ſubſcribe and pay thereunto; and all and every of the ſaid ſhares ſhall be deemed to be perſonal eſtate, and tranſmitted as ſuch, and not of the nature of real property; and all and every perſon or perſons, their ſeveral and reſpective executor or executors, adminiſtrators and aſſigns, who ſhall ſeverally ſubſcribe the ſum of fifty pounds ſterling, or ſuch ſum or ſums as ſhall be demanded in part thereof, towards eſtabliſhing and carrying into execution the undertakings of the ſaid ſociety, ſhall be entitled to and receive the entire and neat diſtribution of the profits and advantages which ſhall or may ariſe or accrue by virtue of the ſaid ſum and ſums of money to be raiſed, recovered, and received by the authority of this act, and ſo in proportion for any greater number of ſhares, not exceeding ten ſhares as aforeſaid, and every perſon or perſons having ſuch property of one ſhare of the ſaid undertaking, and ſo in proportion as aforeſaid, ſhall bear and pay a proportionable ſum of money towards carrying on the ſaid undertaking, in manner herein after enacted, directed, and appointed, ſuch ſum or ſums not exceeding ſuch ſhare or ſhares, as any perſons ſhall have ſubſcribed to the capital ſtock of the ſociety.

(To be continued.)

From the LONDON GAZETTE EXTRAORDINARY.

St James's, August 2.

THIS morning, as his Majesty was alighting from his carriage, at the gate of the Palace, a woman who was waiting there, under pretence of presenting a petition, struck at his Majesty with a knife, but providentially his Majesty received no injury. The woman was immediately taken into custody, and upon examination appears to be insane.

LONDON, *Aug.* 3.

The woman who made the atrocious attempt, yesterday, upon his Majesty's person, is a native of Yorkshire; and named Margaret Nicholson. She has a brother, a man of very fair character, who keeps a public-house in Milford Lane, in the Strand; and in the former part of her life has herself been in many creditable services. Of late years she has subsisted by taking in plain work, and other business in the linen and millenery branches. She had for some time been observed waiting the King's arrival, and a little previous to the appearance of the carriage took her station between two gentlewomen, that were wholly unknown to her, and with whom she entered into a slight conversation. On the carriage approaching, she begged with some earnestness, that they would not impede her in an attempt to deliver a memorial to his Majesty. As the door of the carriage opened, and the King was in the act of alighting, she rushed forward, and held out a paper to his Majesty, which he received with much condescension. At this very instant she drew forth a concealed knife from beneath her cloak, and aimed it against his Majesty's bosom. The King by stepping back happily avoided the stroke, which passed, however, between his coat and waistcoat. On her preparing to make a second thrust, Mr Lodge, one of the Yeomen of the Guards, seized her by the arm; and Topper, one of the King's footmen, wrested the knife from her. This appeared to have been formerly a dessert knife; originally round at the end, but worn more pointed, and looked as if it had lately been a little sharpened. The woman, on her being taken, was carried to the Guard-Room, where she was questioned by several persons, but returned for answer, that they had no right to examine her; when she was before the proper persons she would give her answers.

At five o'clock she was taken to the Board of Green Cloth for examination, at which were present the Attorney-General, Solicitor-General, and Master of the Rolls, who were sent for on the occasion, Mr Pitt, the Earl of Salisbury, the Marquis of Caermarthen, Lord Sydney, Sir Francis Drake, Mr Falkner, and the following magistrates, Sir Robert Taylor, Mr Bond, Mr Addington, Mr Colick, and Mr Reid.

She did not appear in the least embarrassed before the Council; answered some questions with consistence, and others incoherently. Her object, she said, was to obtain the prayer of her petition by terrifying the King, which she fancied the sight of the knife would have effected. Upon its being observed that the paper she presented contained no writing; she replied, the King knew what she wanted, as she had often presented petitions; which papers, it seems, upon enquiry, appear to have been delivered; but they abounded in such inconsistencies, that they were disregarded at the time.

At intervals, she talked of a "Claim on Government"—"Law Suit"—"just Cause," and such like sentences. After these declarations, she sometimes remained silent for a time, and would not reply.

In order that every possible research should be made, Lord Sydney sent to several of the Westminster Magistrates, among whom were, Messr. Addington, Reid, Hyde and Bond. Some of these Gentlemen, with proper assistants, proceeded to the woman's apartments; but nothing more could be traced, than scraps of papers, in which the names of Lord Mansfield, and other persons of consequence appeared, with some disjointed writing, mentioning effects, and what she denominated "Classics," a term she did not seem to understand; all of which denoted a disordered state of mind. Being asked, Where she now lived? She answered, at Mr Fisk's stationer, at the corner of Marybone Lane, Wigmore Street. Fisk was sent for, who said she had lodged with him about three years; that he had not particularly observed any marks of insanity in her; but that she was certainly very odd at times.

Dr Monro, being also sent for, attended. He was questioned as to her lunacy, viz. Whether he could discover if she was a lunatic? He answered, that such discovery could not be made immediately; that for the accomplishment of such a purpose, she must be taken under the care and inspection of one of his people for three or four days.

The examination lasted till seven o'clock, when it was proposed to commit her for three or four days. This was objected to, upon the ground that a commitment for that time was illegal. It was then proposed to commit her to Tothill-Fields Bridewell. This was also objected to, as she was a state prisoner. At length it was agreed to commit her to the care and custody of Mr Cotes messenger, in Half-Moon street, Piccadilly, where she now is.

His Majesty's behaviour, during the whole transaction, was the most composed and generous. In the very moment of the attempt, he cried out, "I am not hurt, I am not hurt; take care of the poor woman, she is insane." In the evening he returned in good spirits to Windsor.

Four yeomen and six grenadier guards are ordered by the Field Officer to attend when his Majesty goes to his carriage, or alights from it.

A description of Margaret Nicholson's person:

She is about 36 years of age, a native of Yorkshire, rather short, of a very swarthy complexion, which gives her much the appearance of a foreigner; she was dressed in a flowered linen or muslin gown, black gauze bonnet, black silk cloak, morning wire cap with blue ribbons. Her brother is a respectable character, and keeps the Three-Horse-Shoes public-house, the corner of Milford-Lane, in the Strand.

The instrument which she used, was an old ivory-handled dessert-knife, worn very thin towards the point, and cracked in several places in the handle.

A similar incident to the aforementioned transaction took place about eight years since, as the King was coming in his chair from Buckingham-house to St James's: a woman was then, as in the present instance, the offender, who made a blow at his Majesty with a knife, and broke the front glass of his sedan. Upon examination, she also appeared insane! Margaret Nicholson, till she became insane, bore an excellent character, and was much respected in the families where she lived; a sort of pride, it is said, took possession of her mind, that afterwards brought on a wildness of conduct, which compelled the last family she lived with to discharge her.

Persons in elevated life are not fond of the world, knowing they have relations in inferior stations, but this woman is niece to Colonel Bramham.

Yesterday the Lord Chancellor seemed to have acquired fresh spirits, and went through a great number of bankrupt causes.

Yesterday Mr Adams, the American Plenipotentiary, took leave of the King on his departure for Spain.

Yesterday, the Commissioners named by act of Parliament for reducing the national debt, began to carry the act into execution, when their broker bought 7000 l. South Sea Annuities, as being the cheapest stock, and they will continue to buy the same sum every day, either in the South Sea or Three per Cent. Bank Annuities, which ever shall be the cheapest.

We are informed there are some extraordinary unsettled accounts in the Alley ever since the year 1772, between some people of consequence, which will be soon brought to light, and will unravel a large scene of unfair dealings, that will much astonish both England and Holland.

It has been whispered in some circles of persons of consequence at the west end of the town, that at least a partial change will shortly take place in Administration. It has been now some time since the first marine Minister has ceased to act with any great degree of apparent cordiality with the principal members of the Cabinet. The recommendations from the Treasury to the Admiralty, in favour of different officers, have been slighted or disregarded; and hints have been given to the head of that Board, that his resignation would not be unacceptable, and that it might be received on such terms as his Lordship should think proper to require. He has been deaf, however, to all hints, and seems determined that nothing but an absolute dismission shall make him give up his station. But this is a measure upon which the other members of the Cabinet do not wish to determine; for his Lordship is said to be supported by a great personage, from one of whose predecessors one of his Lordship's ancestors was descended. He is also supported by his Grace of Grafton, who probably would not think himself bound to give his confidence to a Minister who should dismiss from his employment a man who has rendered his country signal services, and who, on that account, deserves to be, what he is, his Grace's favourite friend. The reports relative to the intended change in the Cabinet say, that the Duke of Portland and some of his friends are likely to be invited, on this occasion, to take a part in the Administration.

All Christian Ambassadors are maintained and paid by the states that send them; but the petty Envoys from the Barbary shore are always a burden to the nations that are mean enough to receive them. The present Envoy from Tripoli has an allowance of 1400 l. a year for his *table only*, at the expence of this country. Is there no way of bringing these piratical governments to reason, but by paying tribute to them?

Mr Fox has, no doubt, met in Ireland with that generous hospitality which its inhabitants are ever eager to shew the English; and of all the tribe of Englishmen that have visited that country, not one can be more deserving of a friendly reception than Mr Fox.

When Mr Fox was last in Ireland, he obtained permission to sit among the Members of the House of Commons, that he might the better hear the debates. In a short time, however, the remembrance of this circumstance vanished from his mind, and in the middle of the debate he was so far heated with the subject as to rise to speak; nor was it till the gentleman next to him reminded him of his situation, that he recollected he was no member of the Irish House of Commons.

The inventions of the present age are likely to be as important and useful as those of any former period, not excepting the mariner's compass, or the invention of printing. An ingenious mechanic has now actually constructed a machine for writing *extemporaneous*, or other pieces of music, as fast as any master shall be able to play them upon an organ, harpsichord, or piano forte. The machine consists of two cylinders, which are moved by clock-work, at the rate of an inch in a second of time; one of them is to furnish paper, and the other to receive it, when marked by pencils fixed at the ends of the several keys of the instruments to which the machine is applied. The paper is previously prepared with lines, which fall under their respective pencils.

According to letters from the Hague, of the 28th of July, we hear, that the Prince of Orange with his family had set out the day before from Middleburg for Bergen-op-Zoom, where he was magnificently entertained by the Governor, Count Maillebois. His Serene Highness in the course of his journey received the strongest proof of his popularity in that part of the United Provinces.

By private letters from Amsterdam, dated July 29, we hear, that the library of the celebrated Gronovius, for which the Empress of Russia had offered 30,000 florins, was lately sold by auction at Leyden, and produced 5000 florins only. A circumstance not expected by his executors.

All the merchants ships in the river at this time have their names, and the ports to which they belong, marked on their stern, according to the tenure of the bill brought in by Mr Jenkinson, and passed in the last session of Parliament.

Extract of a letter from Captain Wyatt, of the ship Wale, to his friend in London, dated Leith, July 24, 1786.

"Dear Sir,

"Upon our passage to the northward we made Hackluyt's headland, in Spitzbergen, on May 28th last. We then ran N. N. W. about ten leagues, after which we steered north ten leagues, then N. N. E. and afterwards N. having a fine southerly wind; for the mildness of the weather and openness of the sea induced me to go as far to the northward as possible; but to my great surprize, in latitude 87°. N. we found no ice. I therefore determined to go to the North Pole, well knowing the discovery of a passage of that importance, if successful, would more than indemnify me for the voyage, and as the ship was my own I could therefore stand to the loss. In latitude 89° N. we were alarmed with a rumbling noise like thunder at a distance, as there was but little wind southerly; the small sails were taken in and the courses hauled up and furled; but still kept our course to the northward under our top sails, and the noise increased the further north we got—When the noise became excessively loud, we discovered something like an ice hill about three leagues off; the sailors called out land! We therefore founded in, sixty fathoms, and constantly kept the lead going afterwards. When we were a league off, the anchor was let go in ten fathoms water. The shore seemed to be of easy ascent, but was white and glittered very much, and it extended all round circularly like a coast. Having got so far, I was determined to make my observations, and therefore directed the boat to be hoisted out, and proper provisions to be taken in her, and blankets to cover us if necessary, for it was very cold. We ascended the hill, which was of some height; but what was my astonishment, when I reached its summit, to behold as it were the elements at war: something issuing out to the northward quite white, and flying upwards with prodigious force. A few crystalized substances like glass fell near me, which were hexagonal, and refracted the light. Upon tasting it I found it was nitre—I collected some, and put them into a cut glass smelling bottle, and for some time after they continued to shine in the dark; by this I shall endeavour to account for the Aurora Borealis. The particles emitting light I own surprized me a little, although I knew that some diamonds have the property of imbibing the sun's rays and shining in the dark. I had not been long at the top of the hill before a most dreadful eruption issued forth, which proved to me there was a volcano that threw out nitre at the North Pole. Being apprehensive of the most fatal consequences, I made haste back to the boat, and returned on board the ship. The cable was instantly cut, and we made sail to the southward, which an air of wind from the northward at this time enabled us to do. I was now convinced of the impracticability of passing the North Pole, and that, according to many, the North Pole is *primum frigidum*. My expedition may prove of use, and what I saw suggested to me the following remarks:

"1st.—As the mouth of the volcano may be at least a degree in diameter, the nitre must be forced to a prodigious height, and the centrifugal force of the earth's diurnal motion must send it towards the equator, where meeting with a similar column from the southward, they unite and pass on, and being dissolved in their descent, mix with watery vapour at the top of the lower atmosphere, which being condensed by the nitre, falls in rain, or is turned to snow, and intercepted in its course by the Cordilleras of the Andes and other high mountains.

"2d.—On the top of the atmosphere there constantly floats a nitrous vapour, which condenses the exhalations of the earth and sea, and occasions rain and snow. Now if it was not for a perpetual supply, the nitrous vapour must in time be exhausted. From a degree square of the sea is exhaled, daily, 33 millions of tons of water, and it must require a vast deal of nitre to condense into rain or snow the watery vapour arising from such an exhalation.

"3d.—A greater portion of nitrous vapour descending in one place, more than in another, must occasion local frosts and snows.

"4th.—The Aurora Borealis may be accounted for from it. The prismatic particles of crystalized nitre being forcibly driven in a body to the southward, and descending different ways at once, may exhibit at night, in clear weather, that luminous appearance, and the disappearance is when the nitre being partly dissolved by the atmosphere, ceases to be lucid and to emit light.

"5th.—There is no doubt of a similar volcano of nitre in the South Pole, and an Aurora Australis, which would be seen was there sufficient land to attract and imbibe the watery vapour; for at present the thickness of the atmosphere to the southward prevents its being discovered.

"I continued my course to the southward with a fine breeze, and brought to in latitude 80°. N. which is a good fishing latitude; here we were fortunate enough to take three fish, with which we returned safe to this port. I request you will be pleased to solicit the parliamentary reward for me, for having passed certain latitudes, and you will greatly oblige,

"Dear Sir,

"Your faithful and obedient servant,

"JAMES WYATT."

On the freedom of the city of Dublin being presented to the Earl of Chatham, on the 21st of July he returned the following answer:

My Lords and Gentlemen,

"I must beg to return my thanks for the honour this day conferred upon me, in admitting me to the freedom of the ancient city of Dublin.

"I am highly sensible of this mark of their regard; and trust I shall never yield to any of my fellow-citizens, in attachment to the interests, and in zeal for the prosperity of this city." *No!—not even to Mr Napper Tandy himself!—*

PRICE of STOCKS, Aug. 3.

Bank Stock, —	Ditto New Ann. —
5 per cent. Ann. 115¾ a 114¾ a 115.	Ditto 1751, —
4 per cent. Ann. 1777, 99 a 98¼ a ¼.	India Stock, 166.
3 per cent. con. 77⅛ a 76⅞ a ¼.	3 per cent. Ann. 73¼.
3 per cent. red. 77¼ a 77⅛ a ¼.	India Bonds paid, —
3 per cent. 1726, shut.	Ditto unpaid, 90 a 89 a 88 prem.
Long Ann. 23 a 22 15-16ths.	India Scrip. 11¾ prem.
Ditto 1778, 14 7-16ths a ¼.	Navy Bills, —
South Sea Stock, —	Exch. Bills, —
3 per cent Old. Ann. 76⅛ a ¼.	Lottery Tickets, 14 l. 11 s. 6 d.
	Irish Lot. Tick. 5 l. 5 s.
	Bank for Aug. 152¼.
	Consols for Aug. 78¼ a 77⅞ a 78¼ a ¼.

WIND AT DEAL, Aug. 2. N.W.

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, Aug. 3.

"We have nothing at present either talked of or thought of, but the daring attempt made yesterday upon his Majesty's life, and of which the London papers contain a very full and circumstantial account. From the rashness of the act, it was imagined, that the wretch who struck with the knive at the King was in a state of infanity; but, from a more deliberate consideration, there was reason to think otherwise; at least there was, as Hamlet says, *method in her madness*. It does not, however, after all, appear, that she was set on by any person or persons, nor is there any reason to suppose it. It is not true that the knife went through his Majesty's waistcoat, nor that a second attempt was made to stab him. The yeoman of the guard perceived the knife the instant the woman was about to use it, and her arm was seized, and the instrument wrested from her hand, even before she could possibly extend it at its full length. One circumstance has not found its way in print, which is, that, though every care was taken to prevent it, the news presently got to the Queen and Royal Family, whose concern on the occasion can be better imagined than described; nor was it possible for their fears to be got the better of, until his Majesty convinced them by his presence, (for which purpose he left the woman under examination at St James's) that he was wholly unhurt, and altogether in perfect security.

"The woman this morning underwent another examination, and, after the opinion of Doctor Monro, who was sent for on the occasion, she was sent to Bethlem, in Moorfields, an hospital for the reception of lunatics, she being adjudged, both by the learned in the law and physic, to be in a state of insanity.

"When the report was first propagated, the fact it stated was of so extraordinary a nature, that few people would believe it; and it was far from being generally credited, till the appearance of the London Gazette Extraordinary.

"The Prince, who had an express of what had happened sent to him at Brighthelmstone, came to town this morning, and waited on his Majesty to congratulate him on the happy preservation of his person, as did many of the nobility and gentry of both sexes, on the King and his Royal Consort, to enquire after their health.

"Her Majesty is said to have written accounts of this disagreeable event to the several branches of the Royal Family abroad; and it has been proposed to augment the King's guard, and to order that no more petitions should be presented, but through the Lord in waiting; but his Majesty has expressly forbidden either to be put into execution.

"The public are much pleased with the cool and collected manner in which the King acted upon the attack being made on his life; and the woman has the good fortune of living in a country where mercy is dealt out with a liberal hand. It is unnecessary to observe, what would have been her fate in almost any other place in the world.

"Bethlem, the place where the woman is, has been crowded by the populace, who are desirous, indeed, of obtaining a sight of her; and if she could be shown for money, a great deal might, no doubt, be made by her on the occasion."

Saturday night, copies of the London Gazette Extraordinary, containing an account of the attempt upon the life of his Majesty, was received by the Lord Justice Clerk by express. Yesterday morning, his Lordship was so obliging as send a copy of the Gazette to the Publisher, which, though not thought necessary to be immediately reprinted, was made as public as possible, in order to satisfy the minds of his Majesty's loyal subjects in this place, that he had happily received no injury.

Died at Leith, upon Wednesday the 2d instant, Mrs Barbara Gibson, widow of the late John Douglas, Esq; of Smeaton, in the county of York.

Extract of a letter from Dublin, Aug. 1.

"Any misunderstanding between the military and citizens, must be of the most dangerous nature.—An affair that wore the most serious aspect, took place on Sunday last. It seems that some officers of the garrison had very early that morning, had an affray in St Paul's parish—one man was so dreadfully wounded by their swords, that he is since said to have died. After a severe conflict with the watchmen who had assembled, they were at length disarmed and secured. They were immediately conveyed to the New Prison; but in the forenoon, the regiment to which they belonged, got intelligence of the affair, and a mutiny was declared to be in the garrison. Those infatuated men had come, it appeared, to the desperate resolution of proceeding in a body to the New Prison, destroying the guard placed there, in case of resistance, to break open the prison, and by force liberate their officers. Accordingly, they had every disposition made for the purpose, when fortunately the effusion of blood that must be the inevitable consequence of their daring project being put in execution, was prevented by a discovery of the plan just as it was ripe for execution. Every exertion was then made by the officers, much to their credit—the guards were doubled—the Barrack gates were immediately closed, and none of the soldiery suffered to pass or repass upon any account whatever. There was the strongest occasion for this precaution—for every private of the

giment had actually provided himself with *six pounds of ball cartridge*, and from some of their own declarations afterwards, it appeared that it was their absolute intention to march in full uniform, with their side arms and firelocks through the city, in perfect order, to the New Prison. At length, through the activity and exertions of the different officers, things were restored to order, and this affair, which was of such a formidable aspect, suppressed.

"It is really shocking to reflect on the circumstance that must have ensued, had this scheme of the soldiery been put in execution. Exclusive of the blood that must have been shed, Newgate now teems with abandoned villains, who must have been in consequence let loose again, to commit their depradations on the public.

"If the inhabitants of the southern counties, and indeed of all Ireland, with to have that origin of riot and disturbance, tythes, for ever removed, and the clergy put in a situation in which they may enjoy a comfortable competence, without rendering themselves odious to the laity, and despicable to their flocks, they certainly will not fail to instruct their representatives on the subject on the approaching assizes. It is a fact, that no clergyman, who considers his own ease or interest, would object to a commutation in lieu of tythes—many worthy clergymen have already declared themselves in favour of such a measure—it is the general wish of the laity—what then can intervene, to prevent is being carried into effect?

"Though the risings of the lower orders in the South of Ireland continue, and must be matter of concern to every person who regards order or decorum—yet it certainly must give satisfaction to be informed, that they resort to none of those heinous acts of violence which originally rendered them so odious to all ranks and descriptions. They seem now to confine themselves solely to manifestoes, declaratory of their grievances, and the prices which they think adequate for the exercise of the clerical function. It is most devoutly to be wished, that a full enquiry will be entered into next sessions of these transactions, so shameful in a civilized country, and indeed in all probability that would be very easily accomplished—Tythes and their collection being the first cause of every breach of the peace in that quarter,"

The following is a copy of a letter received by the Right Hon. Siver Oliver *from the White-boys.*

To obviate the bad impressions made by the calumny of our enemies, we beg leave to submit to you our claim to the protection of a humane gentry, and humbly solicit yours, if said claims shall appear to you founded in justice and good policy.

In every age, country, and religion, the priesthood are allowed to have been artful, usurping, and tenacious of their ill-acquired prerogatives. Often have their jarring interests and opinions deluged with Christian blood this long devoted isle.

Some thirty years ago, our unhappy fathers, galled beyond human sufferance, like a captive lion vainly struggling in the toils, strove violently to snap their bands asunder, but instead thereof rivetted them on more tight. Exhausted by the bloody struggle, the poor of this province submitted to their oppression, and fattened with their vitals each decimating leech.

The luxurious parson drowned in the riot of his table the bitter groans of those wretches that his proctor fleeced, and the poor remnant of the proctor's rapine was sure to be gleaned by the rapacious priest; but it was blasphemy to complain of him: Thus plundered by either clergy, we had reason to wish for our simple Druids again.

At last, however, it pleased pitying Heaven to dispel the murky cloud of bigotry that hovered over us so long: Liberty shot her chearing rays, and enlightened the peasant's hovel as well as the splendid hall: O'Leary told us, plain as friar could, that a God of universal love would not confine his salvation to one sect alone, and that the subjects election was the best title to the crown.

Thus improved in our religion and politics, we could not but acquit the legislature of former severity to a description so long misled by an ignorant and disaffected clergy; we resolve to evince on every occasion the change in our sentiments, and hope to succeed in our sincere attempts; we examined the double source of our grievances, and debated long how to get them removed, until at length our resolves terminated in this general peaceful remonstrance.

Humanity, justice, and policy, enforce our requests whilst the tythe-farmer enjoys the fruit of our labour, agriculture must decrease; and while the griping priest insists on more from the bride-groom than he is worth, population must be retarded.

Let the Legislature befriend us now, and we are theirs for ever. Our sincerity, or the warmth of our attachment, where once professed, was never questioned; and we are bold to say, no such imputation will ever fall on the Munster peasantry.

The following Resolutions were unanimously agreed to at a very numerous and respectable Meeting of the Delegates of the Munster Peasantry, held on the 1st July 1786, and signed by William O'Driscoll, Secretary General to the Munster Peasantry.

"Resolved, That, by the common rights of mankind, the aggrieved are warranted to seek for redress.

"Resolved, That our grievances are daily accumulating through the avarice of the priesthood, and intolerable exactions of the tythe-farmers, to the decrease of agriculture and population.

"Resolved, That we will continue to oppose our oppressors, by the most justifiable means in our power, either until they are glutted with our blood, or until humanity raises her angel voice in the council of the nation, to protect the toiling peasant, and lighten his burden.

"Resolved, That the fickleness of the multitude makes it necessary, for all and each of us, to swear voluntarily not to pay priest or proctor more than as follows:

	s.	d.			s.	d.
Potatoes, first crop,	6	0	per acre	Baptism,	1	6
Ditto, second,	4	0		Each Family Confession,	1	0
Wheat,	4	0		Par. Priest's Funeral Mass,	1	0
Barley,	4	0		Any other,	1	0
Oats,	3	0		Extreme Unction,	1	0
Meadowing,	2	8½				
Marriage,	5	0				

FOR THE CALEDONIAN MERCURY.

ODE TO JAMES BRUCE, ESQ.

Occasioned by the Memoir concerning him in Maty's Review for March 1786 *.

HEAR Truth invite! hear Science plead!
Bold traveller, their voice attend,
Eager to give thee honour's mead,
And hail thee as their public friend!
Advent'rous BRUCE, allow their claim;
And, since thy toils at genuine glory aim,
Let thy accomplish'd hand consign those toils to fame!

What tho', to strike the author mute,
Uplifting a sarcastic hand,
(The gage of sceptical dispute)
Detraction on the watch may stand,
With Ignorance league'd!—and hideous pair!
Who stop warm Genius with petrific stare,
In all his bright pursuits, in every generous care!

'Twas brave disdain of these base foes
That form'd the demi-gods of old:
By this to modern glory rose
The names that learning has inroll'd.
These, then, who prey on worth sublime,
These foes contemn, the pests of every clime!
Tho' worse than could'st not meet in Egypt's quick'ning slime!

Eager to crush their reptile spite,
With thee in firm alliance stand
Spirits, who feast on mental light,
Virtue and Science, hand in hand.
"Whate'er thy wide research might find
"Impart," they cry, "to benefit mankind,
"With intellectual food, with opulence of mind."

Since rival arts thy life have grac'd,
Give not thy aid to one alone!
Tho' BURNEY, with discerning taste,
Implor'd that aid in friendship's tone!
BURNEY, whose leaves thy talents tell;
BURNEY, historian of the tuneful shell;
Of excellence the friend, and fashion'd to excel!

See all the arts, a social tribe,
With friendly zeal around thee wait,
Keen from thy spirit to imbibe
New lights, to dignify their state.
From thee, with rare experience fraught,
They ask what Afric's unknown genius taught,
Lost knowledge to revive, or aid inventive thought.

Dost thou not see in solemn dreams,
Oft as thy letter'd vigils cease,
The fire of life-supporting streams,
Parent of commerce, wealth, and peace,
Imperial Nile before thee rise!
My mental eye his awful form espies,
While the indignant power, in honest anger, cries;

"O BRUCE! by my indulgence led,
"To scenes no ancients might explore,
"To those coy fountains latent head,
"Whence all my genial gifts I pour;
"Since I, as kind as thou wast bold,
"Shew'd thee my wonders, Why dost thou with-hold
"What Science bids thy hand to all her sons unfold?

"Remember, as my fruitful tide
"Throws verdant life on lands below;
"So round the world, 'tis Britain's pride,
"New streams of mental light to throw!
"And happiest they, tho' envy lour,
"Who most encrease thy country's richest power,
"Her radiance of renown from intellectual dower!"

* This Memoir was republished in the Edinburgh Magazine for April last.

SOUND SHIPPING.

PASSED THE SOUND,

July 19. Jean and Jenny of Dumbarton, Cornet, from St Andrew's, for Riga.
James and David of and from Dundee, Mudie, for St Petersburgh.
20. Industry of Leith, Findlay, from St Petersburgh, for Leith, with hemp, &c.
Forster of Shields, Gray, from Riga, for Stockton.
Mary and Michael of Newcastle, Pendleton, for Borrowstounness.
Perth of Perth, English, from Dantzick and Pillaw, for Perth, with ashes.
Fame of Arbroath, Matthews, from St Petersburgh, for Dumfries, with flax and hemp.
21. Diligence of and from Borrowstounness, Lawson, for Memel.
Cicilia of and from ditto, Grindlay, for Pillaw.
Elenora of Leith, Taylor, from St Petersburgh, for Dublin, with tallow.
Ruby of Dundee, Maver, from Riga, for Bristol, with wainscot logs.
Elizabeth of Arbroath, Husband, from ditto, for London.
Margaret of Leith, Strang, from St Petersburgh, for Leith, with tallow, &c.
Diligence of and from Kirkcaldy, Miller, for Copenhagen, with coals.
Elizabeth of and from ditto, Beveridge, for ditto, ditto.
Countess of Eglinton of Saltcoats, Mackie, from Petersburgh, for Liverpool, with goods,
22. Success of and from Dysart, Burnet, for Copenhagen.

Sailed the 20th instant, all the ships as mentioned in our last, viz.
Hawk of Salteoats, Gammel, from Memel, for Irvine.
Jane of Dundee, Spink, from St Petersburgh, for Leith, with ashes and tallow.
Mary Ann of Weemyss, Pringle, from Memel, for Leith.
Sisters of Greenock, Jamieson, from St Petersburgh, for Port Glasgow, with hemp.

N. B. The Catharine of and from Dundee, Sheppard, for St Petersburgh, is supposed to be in the Roadstead.

Elsinore, July 22. 1786.—Wind W. N. W.
WOOD AND HOWDEN.

ARRIVED AT LEITH, August 5. Betsey and Peggy, Robertson, from North Berwick, with grain.—7. John and William, Brodie, from Carron, with ditto; Margaret, Thomson, from Inverkeithing, with goods; Friendship, Donaldson, from Hull, with ditto; Margareta, Jonson, from Bergen, with tar; Mary, Sharp, from Inverkeithing, with goods; Diligence, Fairweather, from Bremen, with grain; Jean, Spinks, from St Petersburgh, with goods; James's, Somerville, from Newcastle, with ditto; Good Intent, Duncan, from Alemouth, with grain; Jean, Anderson, from Dysart, with coals and plank; Good Intent, Gray, from Southampton, with wood; Edward, Jackson, from Hamburgh, with goods; two sloops with coals.

SAILED, August 7. Christian, Wishart, for Newcastle, with goods.

PRICES OF GRAIN AT HADDINGTON, August 4.

Wheat,	21 s. 6 d.	20 s. 0 d.	19 s. 0 d.
Barley,	19 6	18 0	17 0
Oats,	17 0	16 0	15 0
Pease,	17 0	00 0	00 0

ERRAT. in advertisement in our last, of Sequestration of the estate of Miller and Haliday recalled, for *recover* read *recovery*.

This Day is Published, Price 4 s.

A PLAN
FOR
Improving the City of Edinburgh.

Illustrated with Engravings.
Dedicated to the Hon. Robert Dundas, Esq; Jun. of Arniston, His Majesty's Solicitor General for Scotland.

BY JAMES CRAIG ARCHITECT.

"August, around, what public works I see!
"Lo! stately streets, lo! squares that court the breeze;
"Even fram'd with elegance the plain retreat,
"The private dwelling. Certain in his aim,
"Taste, never idly working, saves expence."
THOMSON'S *Prospect of Great Britain.*

Sold in Edinburgh, by W. Creech, E. Balfour, J. Dickson, J. Bell, J. Sibbald, W. Gordon, and C. Elliot, booksellers; at London, by J. Dodsley, Pall Mall; J. Bozdell, Cheapside; and W. Nicol, Strand.

CALEDONIAN HUNT.

THE Annual Meeting is fixed for MONDAY the 2d day of October, at AYR, to continue a fortnight.

To be RUN for, over the Course there, upon THURSDAY the 12th of October, a Purse of FIFTY GUINEAS, given by the Hunt, the best of three four-mile heats, by Scots bred Horses, who never were out of Scotland before three years old, to carry the following weights:

Four years old, 10 stone 7 lib.
Five years old, 11 stone 3 lib.
Six years old, 11 stone 10 lib.
Aged, 12 stone.

No winner of this purse to be allowed to start a second time for it.

To be Run for over the same Course, upon FRIDAY the 13th of October, a Purse of FIFTY GUINEAS, given by the Hunt, the best of three four-mile heats, to carry 12 stone. They must be actual hunters, and hunted last season with an established pack of hounds, and certified as such by the master of the hounds they were hunted with, and *bona fide*, the property of members belonging to the Hunt, three months before they start.—The Preses, Treasurer, and Council to be Judges. Certificates to be produced, and the horses entered upon Wednesday the 11th of October, between 10 and 12 o'clock forenoon.

The Earl of Glencairn, Preses.
Robert Baird, Esq; of Newbyth, Treasurer.
William M'Dowall, Esq; of Garthland, } Counsellors.
R. Dundas M'Queen, Esq; } Counsellors.
Andrew Houstoun, Esq; Calderhall, } Counsellors.

WILLIAM HAGART, Secretary.

Broad Cloth and Linen Ware room,
INVERNESS.

JAMES SHAW and COMPANY beg leave to inform the Public, that one of the Partners has lately returned from London, and the different manufacturing towns in England, and they have just got to hand a very large Assortment of CLOTHS, HOSIERY and HABERDASHERY GOODS, which they are selling on the very lowest terms.

N. B. May be had at their Ware-room, a great variety of fashionable PRINTED COTTONS, from 22d. to 2 s. 6 d. per yard, and IRISH LINENS from 9 d. to 3 s. 6 d. per yard.

Notice to Creditors.

WHEREAS the trustees for the Creditors of JAMES GLENDAY, formerly tenant in Fenneston of Dodd, now in Dundee, have sometime ago collected all the funds belonging to the debtor, but have been prevented from making a division of the same, by the neglect of several of the Creditors to give in their claims, or lodge their grounds of debt—These are therefore requiring all the Creditors of the said James Glenday, to lodge their respective grounds of debt, with oaths to the verity thereof, with William Webster junior, merchant in Dundee, on or before the 1st day of October next, after which a division will immediately take place; certifying such as fail to do so, that they will be cut off from receiving any share of the debtor's funds.

Dundee, August 1. 1786. Not to be repeated.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of JOHN MACRAE Cooper in Kilmarnock, and of the said JOHN MACRAE and DAVID BLAIR in Anathill, in Company.

THE Creditors of the said John Macrae are hereby required to lodge with William Brown writer in Kilmarnock, as trustee appointed upon his sequestrated estate real and personal, their claims and vouchers or grounds of debt, with their oaths for proving the same, as directed by the act for rendering the payment of Creditors more equal and expeditious, between and the 18th day of February next, being the expiration of nine kalendar months after the date of the interlocutor awarding the sequestration; with certification to those Creditors who shall neglect to comply with this requisition, that they shall not be entitled to any share in the first distribution of the debtors estate.

And notice is hereby given, that the Sheriff-depute of Ayrshire has, upon the application of the trustee, appointed Wednesday the 9th instant, and the three following Wednesdays at twelve o'clock noon, within the Sheriff-court house of Ayr, for re-examining the said John Macrae and his family, and others acquainted with his business; and his Creditors are requested to be present at his examinations, that they may have an opportunity of putting such questions as shall be judged of importance for rendering the discovery and surrender of his estate more complete.

The said William Brown being also appointed trustee for the Creditors of the said John Macrae and David Blair in Company, desires that all persons indebted to them, or to the said John Macrae as an individual, will immediately make payment to him of the debts due to them. And the Creditors of the said Company are also required to lodge with him their claims and vouchers or grounds of debt, with their oaths for proving the same, between and the said 18th of February next, under the above-mentioned certification.

WILLIAM BROWN Trustee.

There is to be exposed, to public voluntary sale, within the house of Thomas Marshall, vintner in Perth, upon Tuesday the 22d day of August current, at three o'clock afternoon,

THE House, Offices, Policy, and Grounds of POTTERHILL, lying in the parish of Kinnoul, and shire of Perth. The free rent whereof, after deduction of annual burdens, amounts to 96l. 1s. 10d. 4-12ths Sterling.

The house of Potterhill is new, large, and commodious, and has a complete set of offices. It is situated within about a hundred yards of the Bridge of Perth, and, being placed upon an eminence, command a very extensive and pleasing view of the Tay, the Town and Bridge of Perth, and the adjacent country. The grounds extend to about eighteen acres, are of rich soil, may be profitably converted into gardens, or feued out for building, and, excepting a small part of them which is under lease for a few years, the whole may be entered to at Whitsunday next.

Intending purchasers may apply to James Paton, writer in Perth, who will give them every necessary information; and the premises may be seen at any time, by applying to the said James Paton.

Escaped from Justice.

EDINBURGH, SHERIFF CLERK'S OFFICE, August 7. 1786.

JAMES ROSS, Ship-carpenter to trade, in Kincardine, aged about 24 years, 5 feet 6 inches high, black complexion, wears his own hair black and tied, stout made, had on when he went away, a blue big-coat with clear buttons, worsted vest of a pankeen colour, plain greenish coloured velveret breeches, plain black and white stockings, with a round hat.

He was sent from Kincardine to Dumfermline on Saturday the 5th instant, with a bill dated at Kincardine that day, drawn by Richard Philp on and accepted by Messr. Reid and Brown in Kincardine, for 150 l. payable at three months, and blank indorsed on the back by Richard Philp. He was also intrusted with 150 l. in bank-notes, mostly 5 l. notes of the Perth bank, which, with the bill, were to be delivered to a person in Dunfermline; but, in place of doing so, he went off with both, and has been traced to Edinburgh.

Whoever will secure the said James Ross, and imprison him in any sure prison, or give such information to William Scott, Procurator Fiscal of the county of Edinburgh, within three months from this date, as shall be the means of apprehending the said James Ross, will be very handsomely rewarded, besides all charges paid. In case the above bill is offered to be discounted, it is earnestly entreated that the same may be stopped, and the bearer thereof secured wherever he may be.

Teas by Public Sale.

THE Wholesale Tea Business, carried on at Leith by A. Park and G. Brown, will in future be carried on under the firm of G. BROWN and CO. by whom the public may depend upon being supplied with TEAS at their Warehouses in Bernard Street, Leith, and in King Street, Glasgow, on the most moderate terms.

The stock of Teas now on hand, belonging to the late Partnership, consisting of about 100 chests of Black and Green Teas, will be sold by public sale at their Warehouse in Leith, on Tuesday the 8th day of August.

The sale will begin at eleven o'clock. The Teas to be seen the day preceding, and on the morning of the sale.

Preservation of Game.

MR DOUGLAS of Douglas being desirous to preserve the GAME on his estates in the shires of Lanark, Renfrew, Ayr, Forfar, Roxburgh, and Berwick, hopes no person will shoot or kill Game thereon, without having liberty from him.

All poachers will be prosecuted according to law.

Sale of Garden, Orchard, and Houses,
At Stirling,
AND HOUSES AND GARDEN TO LET.

UPON Saturday the 12th instant, at 12 o'clock noon, within the house of John Stewart, vintner in Stirling, there will be exposed to sale,

That large GARDEN and ORCHARD, conveniently situated at the foot of the Friar's Wynd of Stirling, as now divided into five lots, consisting of half an acre each, having eighty feet of front, and every lot containing a number of fruit trees, with a Dwelling-house and Offices upon one of them, all as presently possessed by Mr Runceman gardener. The grounds are of good quality, and sufficiently walled and inclosed. The feu-duty is exceedingly trifling, and the purchaser's entry will commence at Martinmas next.

At same time and place, there will be LET for several years after Whitsunday next, That desireable Dwelling-House, Brew-house, Stable, and Garden, at head of the shore causeway, presently possessed by Mr John Stevenson the proprietor; in whose hands a sketch of the lots, and articles of sale will be seen, any day betwixt and the sale.

Sale of a Farm in Stirlingshire,
Well calculated for a Distillery.

UPON Thursday the 17th day of August current, betwixt the hours of one and two o'clock afternoon, within the house of John Christie vintner in Falkirk, there will be exposed to public roup and sale, the Farm and Lands of STONEYWOOD and MACMURICK, in the parish of Denny, and shire of Stirling, with steading of houses and planting thereon, and a proportional share of Denny-muir, all as last possessed by John Johnstone distiller, the late proprietor, for payment of a small feu-duty to the family of Cumbernauld.

The lands exclusive of the proportion of muir ground, consist of about 20 acres, are inclosed, subdivided, and in good order, are agreeably situated on the banks of the Carron, opposite to Herbertshire policy, within two miles of the Great Canal, and seven of Stirling, Falkirk, and Kilsyth.

The situation is perhaps one of the best in Scotland for a Distillery, being in the centre of a fine corn country, where coal is cheap and the roads good, and commanding a plentiful supply of water in the greatest drought.

The purchaser's entry will commence at Martinmas next; and the title-deeds are clear, which, with the articles of sale, will be seen in the hands of James Wright in Stirling, trustee for Johnstone's creditors.

A Farm to Let,
AND GROUND TO FEU.

TO be LET for forty years, and entered to at Martinmas next,

The Farm of WESTER PITSCOTTIE, in the parish of Ceres, consisting of 184 acres of arable land, whereof 82 are inclosed with stone dykes, and divided into parks; all well watered with a running stream, besides an extensive muir of a very improveable soil.

And to be FEUED, Several Pieces of GROUND, from one to twenty-five acres, lying contiguous to and in the said parish of Ceres. Both the Farm and Ground to be feued are capable of great improvement; and there is plenty of coal and lime in the neighbourhood.

Persons willing to take the farm, or feu any of the ground, or may be desirous of further information, will please apply to the proprietor, Dr James Hutchison at Edengrove, near Cupar in Fife.

MR GREENOUGH'S MEDICINES.

PECTORAL LOZENGES, prepared from Balsam of Tolu, so justly celebrated for their superior efficacy in immediately removing all coughs, hoarsenesses, shortness of breath, defluxions upon the lungs, healing the rawness and soreness of the breast, promoting expectoration of tough phlegm, and affording great relief in asthmatic complaints; they are likewise very beneficial in consumptions; are not cloying to the stomach, but rather create an appetite.

TWO TINCTURES—the one for cleaning, preserving, and beautifying the teeth, effectually curing the scurvy in the gums, and rendering the breath delicately sweet—the other for the Toothach, which never fails to give immediate ease to the most violent pain, and in a little time perfectly cures it, without the least injuring the enamel of the teeth.

The above articles, which have been in the highest esteem upwards of thirty years, are now prepared and sold by R. HAYWARD chemist (successor to Mr Greenough), No. 10, Ludgate-hill, London, price 1s. 1½d. each, duty included; and by his appointment, by Messrs *Husband, Elder, and Co.* Edinburgh, and Mr Raeburn in Glasgow.

Also the Universal Balsamic called SAMARITAN WATER, for which his Majesty hath been pleased to grant royal letters patent, price 2s. 6d. each bottle, which is prepared and sold as above, and may be depended upon to effect the following purposes, viz. for curing strains, inveterate old sores, ulcers, burns, scalds, St Anthony's fire, whitlows, hard swellings of the breast, scorbutic [illegible] and all green wounds.

N. B. A more particular account of the [illegible] cacy of the Samaritan Water may be had gratis at the above mentioned.

The great reputation Mr Greenough's medicines have acquired has induced many persons to counterfeit them; every purchaser is therefore requested to observe none are genuine but what have the name of "T. Greenough, No. 10, Ludgate-hill," printed on the stamp.

A Houſe in George's Square.

TO be SOLD by private bargain, the Counteſs of Sutherland's Houſe in George's Square, conſiſting of a ſunk flat and four floors above, all fitted up in the genteeleſt manner, with coach-houſe, ſtable, &c. &c.

The houſe may be ſeen any day before 12th Auguſt, betwixt the hours of twelve and three.

Enquire at Alexander Mackenzie, writer to the ſignet.

Sale of Lands in Stirlingſhire.

TO be SOLD, that Farm called WEST TOWN of PLEAN, preſently occupied by Alexander Rattray, at the rent of 117 l. Sterling, lying in the pariſh of St Ninians, and county of Stirling, four miles diſtant from the town of Stirling, and bounded on the north by the turnpike road leading to Edinburgh.

There is on the lands a good dwelling-houſe of two ſtories, with ſuitable offices, malt-barn, and others, which have been uſed, and are well calculated for a diſtillery. The grounds are incloſed, have plenty of coal and lime in their neighbourhood, and lie near good and ready markets. The title-deeds of the premiſſes are clear. If the purchaſer incline, great part of the price will be allowed to lie ſome time in his hands.

The lands will be ſhown by Alexander Rattray; and other particulars learned by applying to William M'Killop, writer in Edinburgh; Thomas Wingate, writer in Stirling; or Mr Glen of Forganhall, near Falkirk, who can conclude a bargain.

There is alſo to be ſold, any quantity from one to an hundred acres of fine kerſe land, lying on the north and hard by the great Canal, and at a ſmall diſtance from the Carron works. Apply to Mr Glen.

SALE OF LANDS
IN THE SHIRE OF DUMBARTON.

TO be SOLD by public roup, in the Exchange Coffeehouſe of Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 9th day of Auguſt curt. betwixt the hours of five and ſix evening,

The Lands of LAGGARY and BLAIRVATTAN, lying in the pariſh of Rowe, and ſhire of Dumbarton.

The free rent of theſe lands is at preſent only about 60 l. Sterling; but the leaſes having been granted about 20 years ago, and now expired, a riſe of rent may be expected.—There is an oak wood upon the lands of High Laggary, which will be of conſiderable value ſome years hence.

The lands of Laggary are ſituated upon the Gareloch, nearly oppoſite to Greenock and Port-Glaſgow, commanding extenſive views of theſe towns and ſhipping, and of the Duke of Argyle's policy at Roſeneath and Ordincaple.—Their diſtance from Dumbarton is about ten miles, and twenty-five miles from Glaſgow.—The roads are remarkably good, and a packet-boat goes regularly twice a-week from the neighbourhood to Greenock, which gives eaſy acceſs to market.

Theſe lands are held of the Duke of Montroſe, for payment of a ſmall feu-duty, and have an intereſt in a neighbouring common ſtill undivided, and which is ſituated betwixt Laggary and Blairvattan.

The progreſs and articles of ſale may be ſeen in the hands of William Dick, writer to the ſignet; and further information may be had, by applying to Mr John Allan, miniſter of the pariſh of Rowe.

JUDICIAL SALE OF
The Lands of Blackcraig.

TO be SOLD, by authority of the Lords of Council and Seſſion, within the Parliament or New Seſſion-houſe of Edinburgh upo u Wedneſday the 9th Auguſt 1786, betwixt the hours of four and ſix afternoon,

The Lands of BANKS and BLACKCRAIG, and DUNSIDE, lying in the barony of Afton, pariſh of New Cumnock, King's Kyle, and ſheriffdom of Ayr.

The proven yearly rent of the lands, over and above the ſupply and ſchool-ſalary, which are paid by the tenant, is	L. 80	0	0
And in regard there is no right to the teinds, one fifth part of the above groſs rent falls to be deducted as teind, being	16	0	0
	64	0	0
Theſe lands hold of a ſubject-ſuperior, for payment of a feu-duty of 109 l. 16 s. 10 d. Scots, or	9	3	0 10-12ths
Free ſtock of the lands,	L 54	16	11 2-12ths
The proven value of the ſtock, at twenty-two years purchaſe, is	L. 1206	12	5 8-12ths
The fifth part of the groſs rent, as teind, is L.	16	0	0
Deduce 41 l. 14 s. 5 d. Scots of ſtipend, payable to the miniſter of New Cumnock,	3	9	6 3-12ths
Free teind,	12	10	5 7-12ths
Value of free teind, at five years purchaſe,	62	12	3 11-12ths
Total proven value of the lands under ſale, ſtock and teind,	L. 1269	4	9 7-12ths

The articles of ſale will be ſeen at the office of Mr Callander depute-clerk of Seſſion. And further information will be got by applying to John Tait writer to the ſignet, Park-Place, Edinburgh.

JUDICIAL SALE,
Lands in Dumfries-ſhire.

TO be SOLD by public roup, under the authority of the Lords of Council and Seſſion, within the Parliament or New Seſſion Houſe of Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 29th day of November 1786, betwixt the hours of four and ſix afternoon, in one or more lots,

The LANDS and ESTATE of LAIRDHOLME, LINHALL, and RAVENSHILL, with the teinds thereof, which belonged to the deceaſed William Johnſton of Lairdholme, lying in the pariſh of Tundergarth, and ſhire of Dumfries.

The proven rent of the above lands is 1181 l. 7 s. 4 d. Sterling, which the Lords having valued at 20 years purchaſe, the upſet price is 2367 l. 6 s. 8 d. Sterling.

Theſe lands hold fen of ſubjects-ſuperior; they are agreeably ſituated upon the water of Milk, within five miles of Lockerby and Eccleſechan, and four from the lime-quarries of Blacketrigg. They are very extenſive, conſiſting of arable, meadow, and paſture ground, in a proper proportion.—The firſt are of a fine ſharp ſoil—The laſt are fit both for ſheep and black cattle. The whole being almoſt in a ſtate of nature, are capable of great improvement, which may be carried on a moderate expence. There are large peat moſſes in different parts of the eſtate, which are very valuable, feuel being ſcarce in that part of the country. A manſion-houſe, garden, and offices, are alſo on the premiſſes, with a conſiderable quantity of young wood, natural and planted.

If more agreeable to offerers, the above lands will be expoſed in the two following lots:

LOT I. To conſiſt of the Lands of Lairdholme and Linhall, preſently poſſeſſed by Mrs Johnſton, the proven free rent of which is 83 l. 12 s. 8 d. Sterling.

On this lot is the manſion-houſe, garden, and offices.

LOT II. To conſiſt of the Farm of Ravenſhill, poſſeſſed by Thomas Johnſton, at 34 l. 14 s. 8 d. of nett rent, after all deductions.

The articles of roup and title-deeds, will be ſeen at the office of Mr Kilpatrick depute-clerk of Seſſion; and further information may be got by applying to James Thomſon writer to the ſignet, Hanover-ſtreet, or to Mr Peter Bell at Carterton, near Moffat, the factor on the eſtate.

TO be expoſed to public roup and ſale at St Andrews, upon Wedneſday the 9th of Auguſt current,

One Hundred and Ninety-Two Logs,

lately arrived from Memel on board the Suſan, Captain Alexander Ramſay, ſequeſtrated upon the application of Meſſ. Byres, Darno, and Moir of Memel, by the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty, and now directed to be ſold under his authority, by Robert Methven writer in St Andrews.

The valuation of ſaid logs, and the articles and conditions of ſale, to be ſeen in the hands of the ſaid Robert Methven.

Lands in Berwickſhire for Sale.

To be Sold by Private Bargain,

AN Eſtate in the ſhire of Berwick, of L. 348 Sterling of real rent, holding blench of the Crown, and raiſed in the ceſs books at 5421. Scots valued rent. The lands are of conſiderable extent, all contiguous, and very improveable, having eaſy acceſs by turnpike roads to manure and to markets. There is on the lands a dwelling-houſe lately built, of eight rooms and a kitchen, with proper offices, all in good order, which, with the incloſures, conſiſting of 230 acres rich land, now in the proprietor's natural poſſeſſion, may be entered to at Whitſunday next. The purchaſer may retain the whole, or ſuch part of the price in his hands as he chuſes, upon proper ſecurity, at four and a half per cent.

For further particulars enquire at Archibald Tod, writer to the ſignet, Edinburgh.

BY ADJOURNMENT

At the deſire of Perſons intending to purchaſe.

Sale of Lands, Salmon & White Fiſhings,

In the Counties of

Elgin and Forres, Nairn, Inverneſs and Roſs.

TO be SOLD by public roup or auction, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouſe in Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 9th of Auguſt 1786, betwixt the hours of five and ſeven in the afternoon,

LOT I. The Eſtates of DALVEY and GRANGEGREEN, formerly called Grangehill, in the united pariſhes of Dyke and Moy, and county of Elgin and Forres. Theſe lands are of good ſoil, abound with limeſtone, and are capable of great improvement, as they lie in the middle of a populous country, are moderately rented, and moſtly out of leaſe. By a late diviſion, a moſs has been annexed to this eſtate, which being now drained, a conſiderable tract of ground, upon the ſide of it, offers a valuable and eaſy ſubject for improvement. There are two extenſive plantations of trees on the eſtate of Dalvey, in an advanced and thriving ſtate, and a good pigeon-houſe, well ſtored. The Manſion-houſe of Dalvey commands an extenſive view of the Moray Frith, town and harbour of Findhorn, town of Forres, and of the adjacent country. The Gardens are excellent, and the offices new and complete. The free rent of Dalvey, reckoning both the bear and meal at the low converſion of ten merks per boll, amounts to 244 l. 12 s. 8 d. 6-12ths Sterling.

The free rent of Grangegreen, at the above converſion, including a ſalmon-fiſhing on the river of Findhorn, rented at 106 l. 2 s. 11 d. 6-12ths, after deduction of public burdens, amounts to 249 l. 3 s. 3 d. 6-12ths Sterling.

The lands of Dalvey and Grangegreen both hold feu of the Crown. The valued rent of Dalvey is 700 l. 15 s. 10 d. and of Grangegreen, 473 l. 19 s. 10 d. Scots. The purchaſer of this lot will be allowed to retain a proportional part of the price, during the life of a gentleman who liferents Grangegreen, and who is paſt 74 years of age, unleſs the liferent is renounced. This lot is to be expoſed at the upſet price of 12,977 l. 4 s. 4 d. Sterling.

LOT II. The Lands and Eſtate of KINCORTH, and EASTER BIN, in the ſaid united pariſhes of Dyke and Moy, and ſhire of Elgin and Forres, held of a ſubject-ſuperior for a ſmall feu-duty, lie along the bay of Findhorn, are moſtly out of leaſe, and are very improveable, having an extenſive tract of rich ground belonging to theſe lands, in common with a neighbouring proprietor. The free rent of this lot, on which there is alſo a pigeon-houſe, not rentalled, converting the meal and bear as above, and including a ſalmon-fiſhing, which yields of free rent 97 l. 16 s. 4 d. 2-12ths Sterling, amounts to 268 l. 5 s. 0 d. 9-12ths Sterling. The upſet-price of this lot to be 6387 l. 13 s. 6 d. Sterling.

LOT III. The Lands and Eſtate of PARK, in the pariſh of Aldearn, and county of Nairn, yielding a clear rent of 34 l. 11 s. 4 d. 10-12ths Sterling of money, and 303 bolls 2 lippies of victual, half meal half bear, the meal at 9 ſtone 12 lib. to the boll. This lot holds of the Crown, and is valued in the ceſs-books at 777 l. 5 s. Scots. The lands are ſituated within two miles of the town of Nairn, and within ſix of Fort George, and are of excellent ſoil, capable of great improvement. They have an heritable attolerance or ſervitude of peats on two extenſive moſſes in the neighbourhood. Upon this eſtate of Park there are two extenſive incloſures, planted with firs, which are well grown, and in a thriving condition. This lot is to be ſet up at 5275 l. 18 s. 6 d. Sterling.

LOT IV. The Lands and Barony of CLAVA, lying in the pariſh of Croy, and county of Nairn, are ſituated within four miles of Inverneſs, and the like diſtance from Nairn and Fort George. Theſe lands hold of the Crown, and are valued in the ceſs books at 292 l. 15 s. 8 d. Scots: And, along with theſe lands of Clava, are to be ſold, the Lands of MID-FLEENES, lying in the pariſh of Ardclaugh, and county of Nairn; holding alſo feu of the Crown, and valued in the ceſs books at 152 l. 10 s. 8 d. Scots.

The free rent of the lands and barony of Clava, including Mid Fleenes, converting the victual at ten merks per boll, amounts to 225 l. 2 s. 3 d. 9-12ths Sterling.

The Lands of Clava, lying along the river of Nairn, produce excellent corn, and are noted paſture-grounds for cattle and ſheep. There are abundance of moſs and limeſtone on this eſtate, and favourable appearance of coal. The leaſes being all expired, except one of a ſingle farm, a purchaſer will have an opportunity of improving the lands, or of letting them to advantage. This lot will be put to ſale at the ſum of 6303 l. 4 s. 9 d. Sterling.

LOT V. The LANDS and TENEMENTS lying about the town of Nairn, which lately belonged in property to the family of Roſe of Clava, with one half of the mill of Nairn, and the half of the ſalmon-fiſhings on the water of Nairn, held of ſubjects ſuperiors. Theſe Lands are all out of leaſe; and the rents have not been raiſed for many years paſt. They are well ſupplied with peats from the moſs of Nairn, and accommodated with a conſiderable extent of out paſture-ground of the commonty of Nairn. The old Manſion-houſe, pigeon-houſe, and garden of Clava, with ſome tenements in the town of Nairn, are included in this Lot; and there are ſundry boats on this parcel, for white or ſea fiſhery, which pay teind-fiſh that are not rentalled. The free rent of this Lot, including 51 l. Sterling for the ſalmon-fiſhing, amounts to 232 l. 14 s. 10 d. 7-12ths Sterling. The upſet price is 5643 l. 6 s. 11 d. Sterling.

LOT VI. The LANDS lying in and about the towns of Fortroſe and of Roſemarkie, ſituated along the bays of Fortroſe and Avock, holding partly of the Magiſtrates of Fortroſe, and partly of Mr Roſs of Cromarty.

The free rent of theſe Lands, which may be ſold together or in ſeparate Lots, as purchaſers incline, computing 15 bolls 2 firlots bear at ten ſhillings per boll, amounts to 192 l. 7 s. 10 d. 4-12ths Sterling. This lot, if expoſed *in cumulo*, is to be put up at 4809 l. 16 s. 6 d. Sterling.

Perſons intending to purchaſe may apply, for further information, to Mr William Keith, accomptant in Edinburgh, who has powers to ſell by private bargain; or to Colquhoun Grant writer to the ſignet, who will ſhow the title-deeds, or progreſs of writings, articles or conditions of roup, and rentals of the ſeveral eſtates.

David Robertſon, at Grangegreen, near Forres, the preſent factor, will ſhow the eſtates, when required.

Superiority in Lanarkſhire,

By Adjournment—And Upſet Price Reduced.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouſe in Edinburgh, on Thurſday the 10th day of Auguſt current, at ſix o'clock afternoon,

The SUPERIORITY of the Six-merk Land of old extent of ARDBUCKLES, lying within the barony of Monkland, and theriffdom of Lanark, with the feu-duties payable by ſix different vaſſals, being 3l. 14s. 4d. 8-12ths Sterling of money, with five bolls of corn payable in hand, beſides the caſualties of ſuperiority which are conſiderable; as the properties are valuable, and ſome of the vaſſals in non-entry.

The lands hold of the Crown, and afford an unexceptionable freehold qualification in the county, and the purchaſer may have the benefit of a Crown charter, with an unexecuted precept of ſaſine.

The upſet price reduced to 300 l. Sterling. For further particulars, apply to James Fraſer writer to the ſignet.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Tontine tavern of Glaſgow, upon Wedneſday the 16th Auguſt 1786, between the hours of one and three afternoon,

The Five-Pound Land, of old extent,

of MEIKLE AIKENHEAD, with the parſonage teinds thereof, lying in the pariſh of Cathcart, and ſhire of Lanark.

The above lands are held of the Crown, and entitle to a vote for a Member of Parliament. They contain about 165 acres of land, whereaf 64 acres may be entered to at Martinmas next. The preſent free rent of the whole is 227 l 19 s.

Theſe lands are almoſt all unincloſed, and are yet in their natural ſtate; and as they lie within two miles of the city of Glaſgow, they are capable of very great improvements.

The progreſs of writs may be ſeen in the hands of Patrick Robertſon writer in Glaſgow.

Upſet-Prices greatly Reduced.

TO be SOLD, within the Parliament or New Seſſion-houſe of Edinburgh, upon Thurſday the 10th Auguſt 1786, betwixt the hours of four and ſix afternoon,

The Following Two LOTS of the

Lands and Eſtate of Craigdarroch,

Remaining Unſold:

LOT I. The Lands of CONRICK, BLAIROCH, BENBUY, and CORNBEY, lying in the pariſh of Glencairn and ſhire of Dumfries. The yearly rent of theſe lands, after all deductions, is proved to be L. 76 : 14 : 2 6-12ths. The proven value thereof, as being held of a ſubject ſuperior, was 23 years purchaſe, or L. 1765 6 9 6-12ths

The teinds are valued, and the free teind is L. 9 8 11 7-12ths which, at 5 years purchaſe, is 49 14 9 11-12ths

L. 1814 1 7 5-12ths

At which ſum they were expoſed to ſale, and afterwards at 1700; but, for the encouragement of purchaſers, are now to be ſet up at 1500 l. which is below 20 years purchaſe of the proven rent.

LOT II. The Lands of CORYDOW, or CORROCHDOWS, in the ſaid pariſh and ſhire.

The free rent of theſe lands, after all deductions, is proved to be 34 l. 2 s. 10-12ths. And the proven value thereof, as being held of a ſubject-ſuperior, was 23 years purchaſe, or - - - L. 784 7 7 2-12ths

The teinds are valued, and after deducting the miniſter's ſtipend, there remains of free teind 2 l. 5 d. 4-12ths.

Which, at five years purchaſe, is 10 2 2 8-12ths

Proven value, - L. 794 9 9 10-12ths

At which ſum they were ſet up to ſale; but afterwards expoſed at the ſum of 700 l. and are now to be ſet up at 600 l. being little more than 18 years purchaſe of the proven rent.

The articles of roup, progreſs of writs, and rental of the lands, may be ſeen in the office of Alexander Stevenſon depute clerk of Seſſion; and any perſon deſirous of further information may apply to James Walker writer to the ſignet, or to Commiſſary Goldie at Dumfries, factor on the eſtate.

LANDS IN STIRLINGSHIRE.

TO be SOLD by roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe, (A. Ramſay's) Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 9th day of Auguſt 1786, between the hours of five and ſix afternoon,

The LANDS of ORCHARDHEAD, lying in the pariſh of Bothkennar, and county of Stirling; the rent, after converſion of victual, including a ſmall feu-duty, and deducting public burdens, is 253 l. 17 s. 11 d. 2-12ths Sterling, holding of the Crown; and, being valued at 422 l. 19 s. 2 d. Scots in the ceſs-books, afford a freehold qualification.

The ſituation of the eſtate is eligible, and may be very profitable to the purchaſer, as it is within four miles of Falkirk, in the neighbourhood of Carron-ſhore and the Carronworks, having the Forth to the north and eaſt, and the Great Canal to the ſouth. It commands a delightful proſpect of the adjacent country, and of the ſhore and towns on the oppoſite coaſt.

The ſoil is allowed to be amongſt the beſt in the Carſe of Falkirk. The grounds alongſt the Forth are well fenced by a dyke built at a conſiderable expence ſome years ſince; which, on trial, is found to anſwer the intention.

There is a manſion-houſe of thirteen rooms, beſides kitchen, cloſets, and other conveniencies, office-houſes, garden, and an excellent orchard.

The lands are free of any thirlage, and the tenants pay the land-tax over and above their rents. The largeſt farm on the eſtate, which was let in 1757, will riſe conſiderably in the rent in a few years, when the leaſe expires.

The houſe and grounds will be ſhown by Mungo Johnſton, gardener at Orchardhead.

For further particulars apply to Mr Higgens at Newk, near Airth, or to Anthony Barclay writer to the ſignet, at Edinburgh, who will ſhow the title-deeds and conditions of ſale; and to either of whom, ſuch as incline to purchaſe by private bargain before the day of ſale, may give in propoſals.

TO BE SOLD BY PRIVATE BARGAIN,

AN ESTATE of about 600 l. a-year.

It lies 28 miles to the northward of Edinburgh, upon the bank of a large river, finely expoſed to the ſun, commanding a beautiful view of the country, and of the windings of the river for many miles. There are near 1400 Scots acres in it, of which about 1100 are excellent arable land; about 130 acres have been incloſed ſome time ago, and planted with above 250,000 trees, which are in a thriving condition, and will in a few years be worth a great deal of money; 150 acres of uncultivated ground have alſo been incloſed, and divided in portions among the different tenants, and by proper cultivation, will ſoon become good ground.

700 acres of the whole are already incloſed, and the reſt may ſoon be finiſhed at a ſmall expence, there being quarry in many parts of the eſtate. The tenants are thriving, and bound to pay 7 per cent. on the money laid out in incloſing. Some of their leaſes are near out; others of them, in which there gradual riſes coming on, have 5, 8, 11, 12, and 14 years to run. There is plenty of lime and marl at hand; and it may eaſily be made above 800 l. a-year, in a ſhort time.

It is within five miles of a large county town, and leſs than a mile of a poſt-road. There is a moſt beautiful ſituation for a houſe on the ſide of the river, where there is now the remains of an old caſtle.

There no leſs than four freehold qualifications on the roll of the county from the eſtate; and, to any body who has the command of money, it will be found a very eligible purchaſe.

Mr Alexander Duncan clerk to the ſignet, Queens's-ſtreet, Edinburgh, will ſhow the title-deeds, which are clear, and a rental and map of the eſtate.

Sale of the Eſtate of Gogar
ADJOURNED.

AT the deſire of the agents of ſome intending purchaſers now abroad, the Sale of the Eſtate of GOGAR, which ſtood for Friday next, the 11th inſtant, is poſtponed for a few months.

The day and place will ſoon be advertiſed. In the mean time, application for particulars may be made, as formerly, to James Gray writer, Merchant-ſtreet, Edinburgh.

SALE OF LANDS,
IN THE COUNTIES OF RENFREW AND AYR.

To be Sold by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 22d November 1786, betwixt the hours of ſix and ſeven afternoon,

THE Superiority of the Lands of

REVOCK, in the pariſh of Kilbarchan and county of Renfrew, held for payment of 13s. 4d. of annual feu-duty; and the SUPERIORITY of the Lands of LADYMUIR, in the ſaid pariſh and county, held for payment of 5l. 11s. 1d. 4-12ths of feu-duty.

The Lands of TORRS, BUTTS, and THREIPLAW, including the Lands of HALL, lying in the ſaid pariſh and county, and paying 131l. 2s. 4d. of yearly free rent.

Theſe lands hold of the Prince, and are all well incloſed and ſubdivided with ſtone dykes; they lie near coal and lime, within two miles of Kilbarchan, five of Paiſley, and ſix of Port-Glaſgow, and will be ſold altogether or in ſeparate farms.

The Lands of BUSHBY BARCLAY, holding of the Crown, lying in the pariſh of Kilmaurs and ſhire of Ayr. The yearly free rent by the leaſe is only 54l. 8d. but they are ſubſet at 150l. and when the tack expires are eſtimated to be worth about 200l. excluſive of a valuable coal-work, now opened and going on the ſaid lands, in the heritor's own hands, for which a tack-duty of 160l. has been already offered.

The progreſs of writs, tacks, rentals, and conditions of ſale, are to be ſeen in the hands of Thomas Tod, writer to the ſignet: For further particulars apply to him, or to Alexander Farquharſon, accountant in Edinburgh, who has power to ſell by private bargain.

A Field, &c. to Let,

Remarkably well calculated for a BLEACHFIELD and LINT MILL;

With a ſuitable Farm, if required.

THE premiſes are pleaſantly ſituated in the plentiful county of Caithneſs, making nearly an iſland in the river of Torſs, in the pariſh of Halkirk, near three miles from the ſea and town of Thurſo; conſiſt of about four acres of fine dry meadow ground, extremely well ſheltered, but at the ſame time have an excellent expoſure, and a dry hill or mount of about three acres. The very beſt water for ſuch a purpoſe can be brought, ſo as to fill the channels, from a large loch, one of the moſt entire beds of marle in any country. The river, which is clear water, can ſupply a mill or mills, and be brought or not into the field at pleaſure. There is not a bleachfield in either of the counties of Sutherland or Caithneſs, though much lint is manufactured in them. There are plenty of good peats within leſs than a mile of the ſpot, which ſeems to be well calculated by nature, without much trouble, for the purpoſe here meant, good ſtone, lime, and clay, being juſt at hand. A leaſe of any endurance, with all ſuitable encouragement, will be given.

Apply to Captain Dunbar of Weſtfield, the proprietor, near Thurſo, or William Dunbar, writer to the ſignet.

N. B. Adjoining to the premiſes there is one of the moſt eligible ſituations that can be imagined for a manufactory of coarſe woollens, tartans, &c. the capital ſheep country of Strathnaver being near at hand. With a view to this, a waulk mill has been erected, which, even in the preſent ſtate of things in this remote corner, is conſtantly employed. Any one verſed in ſuch matters, and poſſeſſed of a very moderate capital, might find his account in making enquiry and taking a look of theſe parts, where ſuch things ſeem only to want a beginning; and were he ſo inclined, a partner might be found in a ſcheme that appears ſo promiſing, and replete with public as well as private benefit.

Whom this ſuits may correſpond as above.

Lands, Houſe, Garden, &c.

In Stirling-ſhire.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouſe, on Thurſday the 10th Auguſt 1786, betwixt the hours of ſix and ſeven afternoon,

The Lands of WESTER LIVILANDS, MEADOWLANDS, CHAPELCROFT, and BIZETLAND, lying in the pariſh of St Ninians and ſhire of Stirling.

The lands conſiſt of about ſeventy Scots acres, partly carſe, and partly dryfield, all incloſed and ſubdivided, and of very fine ſoil. Livilands holds of the Crown, and is valued in the ceſs-books at above 200 l. Scots. The other lands, which are of no great extent, hold of ſubjects-ſuperior, for payment of ſmall feu-duties. The lands are at preſent all out of tack.

There is a very good manſion-houſe upon the premiſſes, conſiſting of nine rooms and a kitchen, in good repair, with good offices and out houſes, and a very good kitchen-garden and orchard; there are alſo a conſiderable number of old trees and young planting on the lands.

The ſituation of the houſe is perhaps one of the pleaſanteſt and moſt beautiful in any country, commanding a view of the windings of the river Forth, from Stirling downwards for many miles, and of the rich and fertile country on both ſides of the river. It is within a quarter of a mile of the village of St Ninians, and little more than half a mile from the town of Stirling, where there is an excellent market; and the communication with Edinburgh is rendered very commodious, as there are ſtage-coaches ſix days in the week, which arrive at Stirling and Edinburgh by three o'clock each day.

For further particulars apply to Alexander Abercromby writer to ſignet, or John M'Gibbon, town clerk of Stirling.

Andrew Downie at Livilands will ſhow the premiſſes.

LANDS IN PERTHSHIRE.

TO be SOLD by public auction, at Adam Litſter's, vintner in Cupar of Angus, on Thurſday the 14th day of September next, between the hours of three and four o'clock afternoon,

The LANDS and ESTATE of TILLYMURDOCH, and Pendicle called BREWLANDS, lying in the pariſhes of Alyth and Blairgowrie, and county of Perth; the free yearly rent of the eſtate extends to 82 l. 2 s. 8d. 8-12ths Sterling, and the tenants pay the ceſs, beſides the rent; and ſome of the farms yield an additional rent during the currency of the preſent tacks. The lands are ſituated ſix miles north of Cupar Angus, and three from Alyth, good market towns, and cloſe by the forreſt of Alyth, one of the moſt extenſive and beſt ſhooting fields in Scotland. The lands are of conſiderable extent, and beſides the property-lands, the proprietor of this eſtate will have right to between ſeven and eight hundred acres of the foreſt of Alyth, on a diviſion which may immediately take place, as the different heritors intereſts are already aſcertained by decreet arbitral, and the ſhares have only to be ſet off, and a great part of th s may be improved at a ſmall expence. They hold of a ſubject ſuperior for payment of a ſmall feu-duty. There is a ſmall manſion-houſe and garden on the lands.

The rental, title-deeds, and articles of ſale, are in the hands of William Ramſay clerk to the ſignet, to whom, or to James Chalmers, writer in Perth, or Edmund Ferguſon of Balledmund, Cupar Angus, any wiſhing further information may apply.

EDINBURGH: Printed for and by JOHN ROBERTSON, and Sold at the Printing-houſe in the OLD FISHMARKET CLOSE, where ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in—
A ſingle Paper 3 *d.*—1 *l.* 17 *s.* 6 *d.* yearly, when called for—2 *l.* & 6 *d.* delivered in Town—and 2 *l.* 6 *s.* 6 *d.* ſent by Poſt.